How to check your pH electrode slope

- 1) Select the millivolt (mV) mode of your pH meter
- 2) Using a pH electrode, obtain mV readings of two fresh calibration buffers (i.e., pH 4.0 and pH 7.0 are best)
- 3) Determine the net mV change
- 4) Determine the net mV change per pH unit change and compare using the chart at right

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1	Slope	at 2	20°C	at 2			
		1pH unit	3pH units	1pH unit	3pH units	Status	
	>102	>59.3	>178.0	>60.3	>181.0	Poor	
	102%	59.3	178.0	60.3	181.0	OK	
1	101%	58.8	176.3	59.8	179.3	Very Good	
	100%	58.2	174.5	59.2	177.5	Ideal	
	99%	57.6	172.8	58.6	175.7	Very Good	
	98%	57.0	171.0	58.0	173.9	Very Good	
	97%	56.4	169.3	57.4	172.2	Very Good	
	96%	55.8	167.5	56.8	170.4	Very Good	
	95%	55.3	165.8	56.2	168.6	Very Good	
	94%	57.0	171.0	58.0	173.9	OK	
	93%	54.1	162.3	55.0	165.1	OK	
	92%	53.5	160.5	54.4	163.3	OK	
	<92	<53.5	<160.5	<54.4	<163.3	Poor	

with Dr. Seymour Blue

For example, at 25°C: pH 4 = 170.5mV, pH 7 = -3.4mV: Net change = 170.5mV -(-3.4 mV) = 173.9 mV. Since pH 4 and pH 7 are 3 pH units apart, using the chart, 98% = Very Good

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Care and Maintenance of Electrodes

- Calibrate regularly with fresh buffers
- Rinse electrode tip well between readings
- On refillable electrodes be sure to check your fill level and open the fill hole before calibration or measurement
- Never rub the bulb to dry it; a static charge can develop!
- Store your electrode with fill-hole closed in electrode storage solution (Never store in deionized water!)
 - Special electrode cleaning solutions (13-642-583) help with tough samples that coat your electrode bulb—proteins, bacteria, oils, and more
 - Record temperature along with your pH value



Cleaning a dirty, clogged or coated electrode can restore proper electrode performance and prolong the useful life of the electrode. Here are some cleaning suggestions:

- Organic Oil/Grease Films—liquid dish soap and warm water are best. Isopropyl alcohol can be used on most electrodes if additional cleaning is needed. NOTE: Solvents such as acetone will damage plastic body electrodes!
- Inorganic Salt Deposits—soak probe in 0.1M HCl as needed
- Proteins—Use a protein-cleaning solution (13-642-584)

If you have a refillable probe, drain the chamber and refill with correct reference filling solution. Rinse the probe tip with distilled or deionized water and condition the probe in storage solution before using again.

Need Help? Call

for your accumet specialist!



(per NIST) **Standardized Buffers**

pl	H Val	ues of	Buffe	ers at	Variou	s Tem	perat	ures
	000	1 67	4.00	6.00	7 11	0.46	10.22	10.70

P								
1	0°C	1.67	4.00	6.98	7.11	9.46	10.32	12.79
	5°C	1.67	4.00	6.95	7.08	9.40	10.25	12.73
	10°C	1.67	4.00	6.92	7.06	9.33	10.18	12.67
	20°C	1.67	4.00	6.87	7.01	9.23	10.06	12.52
	25°C	1.68	4.01	6.86	7.00	9.18	10.01	12.46
	30°C	1.68	4.02	6.85	6.98	9.14	9.97	12.36
	40°C	1.69	4.04	6.84	6.97	9.07	9.89	12.17
	50°C	1.71	4.06	6.83	6.97	9.01	9.83	11.96
	60°C	1.72	4.09	6.84	6.97	8.96	9.79	11.73
	70°C	1.74	4.13	6.85	6.99	8.92	9.78	11.47
	80°C	1.77	4.16	6.86	7.03	8.89	9.78	11.19
	90°C	1.79	4.21	6.88	7.08	8.85	9.80	10.89

Did you know?

Buffers should be at the same temperature as your sample.

accumet Cat. #13-620-631

